Meat and Alternatives: Have meat alternatives such as beans, lentils and tofu often. Eat at least two Food Guide Servings of fish each week. Select lean meat and alternatives prepared with little or no added fat or salt.

Best Buys	More Expensive Choices
Dried or canned beans, peas, and lentils, nuts, seeds, eggs, tofu, and peanut butter	Meat, fresh fish, poultry
Canned light tuna, pink salmon, mackerel, and sardine fillets	Fresh fish
Frozen fish	Fresh fish
Lean ground beef, stewing beef, simmering steaks, marinating steaks and pot roasts	Premium grilling steaks and roasts
Bulk lean ground beef	Pre-formed ground beef patties, cooked meatballs
Pork shoulder butt roasts or chops, back ribs, and shoulder picnic roasts	Tenderloin and loin chops and roasts
Chicken legs and thighs	Boneless and skinless chicken breasts and pieces
Utility grade chicken, frozen turkey	Grade A roasting chicken, fresh turkey

Eat Well

For better health and a healthy body weight, limit foods and beverages high in calories, fat, sugar or salt (sodium) such as cakes and pastries, chocolate and candies, cookies and granola bars, doughnuts and muffins, ice cream and frozen desserts, french fries potato chips, nachos and other salty snacks, alcohol, fruit flavoured drinks, soft drinks, sports and energy drinks, and sweetened hot or cold drinks.



Includes excerpts from *Eating Well with Canada's Food Guide*.

Produced and distributed by the City Of Hamilton Public Health Services.

For more information, please call the Nutrition and Physical Activity

Advice Line at 905-546-3630 or visit www.hamilton.ca/nutrition

Fat Well, Spend Less

Ideas for buying healthy, lower-cost foods

There are many ways to save money when choosing healthy foods in the grocery store. Start with a plan and with a variety of best buys from each of the four food groups in *Canada's Food Guide**.

Plan Ahead

- Look at flyers to see what is on sale.
- Plan meals based on Canada's Food Guide* each week.
- Check what foods you already have.
- Make a list of what you need.

Shop Wisely

- Control impulse spending and compare prices.
- Shop at full size grocery stores rather than small corner stores.
- Buy produce at a farmer's market or farmer's stand.
- Shop when you are rested and not hungry.
- Shop alone if possible.
- Buy foods on your shopping list first. If you have money left over, use it to stock up on sale items.
- Look on the upper and lower shelves for better prices.
- Carefully check prices on the end-of-the-aisle displays to see if they are truly sale items.
- Try no-name and store brand products.
- Buy foods in bulk. Bulk foods allow you to buy as much or as little as you need.
- Only use coupons for items you need to purchase.
- Compare prices on large and small packages for the best buy per serving.
- Use unit pricing information on the shelf, if available, for comparison shopping.
- Check the best before dates, and be sure that you can use the product in time.
- Check your receipt. Make sure the price you were charged is the right one.

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Available from the City of Hamilton Public Health Services: 905-546-2424, ext. 3521, or from Health Canada: www.healthcanada.gc.ca/foodguide

Vegetables and Fruit: Select a variety of colours for a variety of nutrients. Eat at least one dark green and one orange vegetable each day. Choose vegetables and fruit prepared with little or no added fat, sugar or salt. Have vegetables and fruit more often than juice.

Best Buys	More Expensive Choices
Locally grown and/or seasonal fresh produce (e.g. tomatoes and lettuce in summer, apples and squash in fall, oranges and grapefruits in late fall and early winter, asparagus and peas in spring and early summer)	Fresh produce sold out of season (apples in summer, lettuce in winter), organic produce
Potatoes, apples and carrots in bags	Self selected bins of potatoes and apples
Whole vegetables and fruit	Cut-up, pre-peeled, washed or ready to serve vegetables and fruit
Frozen or canned vegetables and fruit especially no name brands	Fresh produce out-of-season
Canned or frozen 100% pure juice	Fresh juice, juice in individual containers

Grain Products: Breads, cereals, pasta, and rice are low in cost but rich in nutrients and energy. Make at least half of your grain products whole grain each day. Choose grain products that are lower in fat, sugar or salt.

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Best Buys	More Expensive Choices	
Whole grain, whole wheat or enriched breads	Artisan loaves, cheese loaves	
Store brand breads	Name brands	
Day old bread for bread pudding, meatloaf, stuffing or French toast	Fresh bread for bread pudding, meatloaf, stuffing or French toast	
Enriched or whole grain pasta or noodles, single grains such as barley	Flavoured mixes in a package	
Plain brown or converted rice	Instant rice and boxed flavoured mixes	
Hot cereals such as oatmeal and cream of wheat	Single serving packages	
Ready-to-serve cereals in family-size boxes and bags (only if you can use them before they go stale)	Single serving variety packages	

Milk and Alternatives: For health, drink skim,1%, or 2% milk each day. Select lower fat milk alternatives.

Best Buys	More Expensive Choices
Milk, 4 litres in bags or jugs	Milk in cartons
White skim, 1%, 2% milk	Milk that is fine filtered, milk with added calcium, omega 3 fatty acids or flavour, whole milk
Large blocks of cheese	Small blocks, shredded cheese
Processed cheese slices and deli cheese	Aged cheese
Large tubs of yogurt	Small individual containers of yogurt
Store-brand skim milk powder in large packages	Name-brand skim milk powder in smaller sizes
Milk and pudding mix to make at home	Individual containers of pre-made pudding



Enjoy a variety of foods from the four food groups.